

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 25.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, NOV. 7, 1895.

NUMBER 11.



New Jackets and Capes.

The samples advertised last week went with a rush. We have just bought another lot. Every garment marked at less than wholesale price.

Regular \$8.00 Jackets for \$5.00.
Regular \$9.00 Jackets for \$6.00.
Regular \$10.00 Jackets for \$6.75.
Regular \$12.00 Jackets for \$8.50.
Regular \$15.00 Jackets for \$10.00.

All new, this season's garments. If you want a chance at them, come quick.

All Carpets at Wholesale Prices during the next 30 days. All New. This year's Patterns.

Dry Goods.

New Dry Goods just opened.

Remember, we don't deal in old truck that makes you tired to look. Consequently we sell the goods while others do the howling on old stuff that needs moving from town to town to catch new suckers, who will pay war time prices for out-of-style goods.

Patronize the store where they always have the latest and guarantee whatever you buy to give satisfaction.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.



Stoves! Stoves!

We have a full line of Coal and Wood Heating and Cooking Stoves

And at Prices Lower than ever.

Zinc boards, oil cloth and binding, etc. Corn shellers. We are making some very low prices on Furniture.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Headquarters for Lamps.

Winter Millinery.

I now have on hand a full line of Winter Millinery. Work done in first-class style and Prices Right. Call and see for yourself.

ELLA M. CRAIG.

Parlors over Postoffice.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1893.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the country, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

Paying Poll Tax.

The law in regard to paying poll tax is so clear that it leaves no possible loopholes to get through. It must be paid like any other tax.

Sec. 3 of chap. 9 of Act. No. 3 of the Laws of 1895, reads as follows:

"The council shall have power to levy and cause to be collected, in each year, a poll tax of one dollar upon every male inhabitant of the village between the ages of twenty-one and fifty years, excepting active members of the fire department, and such other persons as are exempted by general law from the payment of such tax. All moneys collected by virtue of this section shall be paid into the general highway fund."

You will readily see that this confers the power upon the village council to levy and collect a poll tax.

There is no excuse for "letting off," except inability to pay it. It is therefore the duty of the council to use all men alike and force the collection of every dollar of poll tax, which is simply justice to the willing parties.

The County's Equalization.

The board of supervisors made out the valuation of the real and personal property of each township as follows:

Ann Arbor City—Real, \$5,124,008; personal, \$1,612,710; total, \$6,736,718. Equalization, \$5,355,000.

Ann Arbor Town—Real, \$985,335; personal, \$58,425; total, \$1,043,760. Equalization, \$865,000.

Augusta—Real, \$611,900; personal, \$41,500; total, \$653,400. Equalization, \$502,000.

Bridgewater—Real, \$797,090; personal, \$85,040; total, \$882,130. Equalization, \$737,000.

Dexter—Real, \$575,180; personal, \$50,340; total, \$625,520. Equalization, \$525,000.

Freedom—Real, 793,390; personal, \$144,350; total, \$938,280. Equalization, \$715,000.

Lima—Real, \$793,270; personal, \$32,590; total, \$825,860. Equalization, \$613,000.

Lodi—Real, \$912,925; personal, \$110,400; total, \$1,023,325. Equalization, \$915,000.

Lyndon—Real, \$442,450; personal, \$47,100; total, \$489,550. Equalization, \$395,000.

Manchester—Real, \$1,091,610; personal, \$309,890; total, \$1,401,470. Equalization, \$1,105,000.

Northfield—Real, \$807,500; personal, \$108,400; total, \$915,900. Equalization, \$723,000.

Pittsfield—Real, \$1,090,820; personal, \$118,480; total, \$1,209,300. Equalization, \$1,106,000.

Saline—Real, \$1,139,450; personal, \$91,500; total, \$1,230,950. Equalization, \$1,123,000.

Salem—Real, \$832,830; personal, \$97,520; total, \$930,350. Equalization, \$908,000.

Scio—Real, \$1,161,740; personal, \$304,400; total, \$1,466,140. Equalization, \$1,305,000.

Sharon—Real, \$889,530; personal, \$102,000; total, \$991,530. Equalization, \$745,000.

Superior—Real, \$1,044,830; personal, \$37,160; total, \$1,101,540. Equalization, \$947,000.

Sylvan—Real, \$963,900; personal, \$802,450; total, \$1,166,350. Equalization, \$995,000.

Webster—Real, \$804,130; personal, \$105,970; total, \$910,090. Equalization, \$847,000.

York—Real, \$1,097,300; personal, \$215,200; total, \$1,312,400. Equalization, \$962,000.

Ypsilanti Town—Real, \$1,061,240; personal, \$108,590; total, \$1,169,830. Equalization, \$962,000.

Ypsilanti City, First District—Real, \$1,782,850; personal, \$569,100; total, \$2,351,950. Equalization, \$1,985,000.

Ypsilanti City, Second District—Real, \$543,400; personal, \$77,450; total, \$620,850. Equalization, \$538,000.

Duckles' Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fayer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.



FORGET WHAT?

Why that

F. P. GLAZIER & CO.

Are selling this week:

21 pounds Gran. Sugar for \$1.00.
Fresh Ginger Snaps 5 cents per pound.
Fresh Figs, for cooking, 8 cents per pound.
25 pounds Brown Sugar for \$1.00
A very light Corn Syrup (for table use) 25 cents per gallon.
25 boxes matches for 25 cents.
6 pounds best Crackers for 25 cents.
A first-class Lantern for 29 cents.
Electric Kerosene Oil 9 cents per gal.

Best New York State Packing Salt (bu. bags) for 30 cents.
Herring 12 cents per box.
6 pounds fresh English Currants for 25c.
Choicest Cream Cheese 12 cents per pound.
Try our Sugar Syrup at 20 cents per gal.
10 pounds best Rolled Oats for 25 cents.
A good Broom for 15 cents.
2 Packages any Yeast for 5 cents.
Family White Fish 43c per 8-pound pails.

We are giving our customers the biggest bargains that we can find in the wholesale markets, and shall continue to do so right along. We know we can save you money on nearly

Everything You Buy

Because we are underselling other dealers. A comparison of prices will demonstrate this fact to your satisfaction.

We have a full assortment of

Large Meat Jars,

Running in sizes from 8 to 30 gallons. If you want one come and look them over. If you are particular about having only the

Choicest Cream Candy

You should buy it at the Bank Drug Store, as we always make a point of having it fresh. Stop your cough with a bottle of White Pine Balsam; 35-cent bottles for 25 cents.

Our 30-Cent Tea

Is making us new customers every day. It suits every one that is particular about drinking a good brand. We always pay you the

Highest Prices for Eggs.

F. P. Glazier & Co.



Stoves and Ranges.

Our line of Stoves excite the admiration of every one, and the low prices astonish them—especially on Coal Stoves. Our stock is the best and largest in Chelsea. We carry the best grade of Oil Cloth in town at the lowest price. A large assortment of Stove Boards.

Shotguns, Rifles and Revolvers!

Our stock was never so complete as at the present time. Our prices lower than ever before. Hunting Coats and Shooting Vests in all sizes. Largest stock and variety of Ammunition in the State.

Come and Look

Over our Cutlery, Carving Sets, etc. Also get our prices on Glass Paints and Oils. In fact we should like to have you call and look over our stock if you wish to purchase or not. We are sure you will go away with a pleasant impression of how we do business, and will send your friends to

C. E. WHITAKER.

We Personally "Cut" Every Garment

That's made up at this establishment "as well as fit it," and look after all details. This is ONE reason why our PRICES ARE MODERATE.

GEO. WEBSTER, The Tailor.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

NOVEMBER—1895.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
...	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

Col. George W. Cole, aged 55, president of the Bankers' and Merchants' Protective association and a prominent member of the G. A. R., was killed by a street cable train in Chicago.

At Columbia, S. C., the constitutional convention voted down the woman's suffrage amendment by a vote of 121 to 26.

Thousands of acres of valuable timber land in Livingston, Genesee, Wayne and Seneca counties, N. Y., were ruined by forest fires.

Isador H. Sultzbach, an extensive dealer in clothing in Philadelphia, failed for \$200,000.

Passenger trains on the Union Pacific road collided in St. Louis and the two engineers, Eugene Campron and John Harper, were killed outright, the two firemen, George True and George Dunbar, were fatally injured, and six other persons were badly wounded.

Word was received at Cuban headquarters in New York of the safe landing in Cuba of the expedition under Carlos H. Cespedes which left Philadelphia October 20.

At Chillicothe, O., W. W. Windle cut the half-mile bicycle record from 51 to 48 seconds.

E. E. Craig, an aeronaut, of Sturgis, Mich., fell 200 feet from his balloon at Hancock, Md., and was fatally injured.

Gov. Clarke, of Arkansas, ordered the First regiment of state militia to be ready to proceed to Hot Springs to prevent the proposed fight between Fitzsimmons and Corbett. Fitzsimmons was arrested at Fulton and taken to Little Rock, where he would be put under heavy bonds to keep the peace.

Commissioner William L. Lochren, of the pension office, in his annual report shows that the number of pensioners, June 30, 1895, was 970,404. The appropriation for the year was \$150,000,000, and there was paid during the year \$138,807,337.

The First National bank of McGregor, Tex., was robbed by burglars of \$10,000.

The business portion of the village of Henderson, Mich., was wiped out by fire, the work of a tramp.

In his annual report Capt. W. T. Sampson, chief of the naval ordnance bureau, submits estimates aggregating \$6,457,584 for the next fiscal year.

The largest bell in the world was cast in Cincinnati for the Catholic church of St. Francis de Sales in that city. It weighs 15 tons.

Returns compiled by the Iowa state census bureau show that there are 82 cities in the state having a population of 2,000 or more. Des Moines is the largest and Dubuque comes next.

Four hundred acres of timber and 300 acres of corn were destroyed by fire near Monteville, Mo.

At Lead City, S. D., Fred Crocker murdered Miss Louise Johnson and blew his own brains out. They were lovers and quarreled.

L. A. Shakman & Co., one of the largest firms dealing in clothing in Milwaukee in the wholesale trade, failed for \$100,000.

A monument to Gen. Grant at Washington, D. C., is an object that the Society of the Army of the Tennessee will ask the next congress to make an appropriation for.

In the Holmes trial in Philadelphia Mrs. Carrie Pitzel told how her husband and two little girls were spirited away from her and murdered.

The president and secretary of war have changed the name of Sandy Hook to Fort Hancock, in honor of the late Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock.

Dr. Wray Grayson, of Washington, Pa., says antitoxin is a cure for lockjaw.

Fire destroyed eight business buildings at Miller's Falls, Mass., the loss being over \$100,000.

Comptroller Eckles says that on October 1 there were 3,712 national banks in the United States with a total capital of \$668,861,847. The individual deposits were \$1,701,653,521, compared with \$1,728,418,919 last year. The loans and discounts were \$2,041,846,233, against \$1,991,874,278 last fall.

Two students were expelled from the Pennsylvania state college in Philadelphia and 14 more were indefinitely suspended for hazing.

Mrs. Porteus White, of Petersburg, Va., Miss Lucy Stone, the youngest child of Mrs. Whittle, and a negro servant were fatally burned by an exploding gasoline stove.

It was said that the Lincoln monument in Springfield, Ill., had been found to be only a pile of rotten brick, with a veneer of stone, and that it would have to be rebuilt.

The states of Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Wisconsin, Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and the central southern states experienced earthquake shocks more or less severe, but no serious damage was reported and no lives were lost.

Mgr. Satolli, papal delegate to the United States, has been made a cardinal by the pope.

S. M. Bixby & Co., manufacturers of shoe blacking and harness oils, failed in New York for \$245,000.

At a meeting in Washington in behalf of Cuban liberty a committee was appointed to urge the cause of the patriots before congress at its session early in December.

Orville Smith and his wife were killed by snakes at their home near Frankfort, Ky.

All coinage of other than subsidiary silver was suspended by order of Secretary Carlisle.

At Green Springs, O., Bert Fox shot his wife and then killed himself. No cause for the deed was known.

Deserted by her husband, Mrs. Mattie Wolford poisoned her child and herself at Preston, Minn.

Half & Newbourn Bros., wholesale dry goods dealers and cotton buyers at Houston, Tex., failed for \$225,000.

Mrs. Dr. Mabel Spencer was appointed county physician of Riley county, Kan., and was said to be the first woman ever appointed to a like position in the United States.

Miss Flagler, daughter of Gen. Flagler, of Washington, who shot and killed a negro boy who was stealing fruit several months ago, was indicted for manslaughter.

Commodore Matthews, chief of the bureau of yards and docks of the navy, in his annual report estimates \$2,124,149 as needed for new work.

The Masonic Temple association at Duluth, Minn., made an assignment, with liabilities of \$135,000.

William Haberman and Jacob Vogel, prominent business men, were killed by the cars at a crossing in Elizabeth, N. J., and John Hughes, a hack driver, was fatally injured.

W. W. P., owned by Dubois Bros., of Denver, broke the world's record for a two-mile pace, making the distance at Lincoln, Neb., in 4:22 3/4.

The day set for the fight between Fitzsimmons and Corbett has come and gone without a contest. Fitzsimmons was in custody at Little Rock and Corbett was under bonds at Hot Springs, Ark.

J. Lowentraub's roller and ice skate factory at Newark, N. J., was burned, the loss being \$210,000.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st showed that the debt increased \$5,341,472 during the month of October. The cash balance in the treasury was \$179,947,998. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$946,431,168.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 1st aggregated \$1,082,880,957, against \$1,145,708,311 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 17.1.

There were 299 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 1st, against 231 the week previous and 259 in the corresponding time in 1894.

Chancellor Martin, in Little Rock, issued a restraining order enjoining Corbett or Fitzsimmons from taking part in a prize fight in Arkansas. The pugilists and their backers decided to retire from the state.

The summer packing season in the west has closed and the aggregate number of hogs slaughtered from March 1 to October 31 is 8,120,000, against 8,735,000 for the season of 1894.

The supreme court of the United States has adjourned until Monday, November 11.

The value of the coinage at United States mints for October was: Gold, \$7,215,700; silver, \$920,000; copper, \$23,500, making a total of \$8,059,200.

The express companies of the country put into effect an advance of 33 1/3 per cent. in the carrying charges of currency between New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago.

Mrs. Mary McDole, aged 56, of Johnston, R. I., was shot and killed by her son, Thomas McCloughlin, because she married a second time.

The famous stallion Ambassador, valued at \$60,000, the property of the Kalamazoo Farm company, died at Kalamazoo, Mich.

Central New York reported a heavy snowstorm.

The Gloucester (Mass.) fishing fleet lost 11 vessels and 90 men during the season just closed. Last year 137 men were lost.

Theodore Durrant was found guilty of the murder of Blanche Lamont on April 3 last in the Emanuel Baptist church in San Francisco. His attorneys would take an appeal to the supreme court.

Ada Potter, aged ten years, and Nettie Vague, aged nine years, were drowned in the Des Moines river at Jackson, Miss., by breaking through the ice.

W. F. Bentley, a prominent lawyer, and A. B. Hightnight fought a duel at London Depot, Ky., over politics, and both were killed.

In a street fight at Warrior, Ala., George Farley, aged 17, fatally shot his father and a man named Strickland.

The New York State Mutual Fire Insurance company, with headquarters in New York city, went into the hands of a receiver.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

James O. Broadhead, United States minister to Switzerland, presented to President Frey his letters of recall.

Charles Benson, aged 106 years, died at his home in Tioga county, Pa.

Jack Dempsey, the ex-champion middle weight pugilist, died in Portland, Ore., of consumption, aged 33 years.

Lieut. Leonard M. Prince, Second infantry, U. S. A., died in Chicago from injuries received in a football game at Annapolis, Md., in 1892.

Republicans of the 54th congress will meet in Washington on the 30th inst. to nominate a speaker, clerk, doorkeeper, sergeant at arms, postmaster and chaplain for the house.

Wilton Dimock Mott, editor and proprietor of the Milford (Pa.) Dispatch and associate judge of Pike county, died at the age of 42 years.

FOREIGN.

The two islands of Huahino and Borabora, belonging to the Tahitian group, in the South Pacific, have been annexed to France by consent of their native chiefs.

Advices from Armenia say that in the Zeitoun mountains there were 26,000 Armenians in open revolt against the rule of the sultan.

Twenty young men of prominent families went in wagons from Torreon, Mexico, to attend a dance in a neighboring ranch. On their return trip they quarreled and five of the party were killed and ten others wounded.

A bomb was exploded in the monastery at Corjuela, Spain, resulting in great damage, and several of the monks died of fright caused by the explosion.

Angus McLeod broke the one-mile world's bicycle record at Sarnia, Ont., going the route unpaced in 1:33:2-5.

In a quarrel over a land case Young Cruikshanks, a prominent lawyer at Coburg, Ont., was killed by John Phillips, who then took his own life.

The government of Brazil discovered a plot to restore the monarchy in that republic. The headquarters of the conspiracy were in San Paulo.

Advices from China say that 60 miners were killed by an explosion of fire damp in a coal mine near Hankow, and that 943 houses were destroyed by fire at Nemuroin.

The Spanish cabinet agreed on plans for fortifying Havana, Matanzas and other Cuban ports.

The Swiss federal council gave a farewell dinner at Berne to Mr. J. O. Broadhead, the retiring United States minister.

A severe and prolonged earthquake shock was felt in Rome, Italy. Many houses swayed badly, walls were cracked and other damage was done.

LATER.

Henry H. Holmes was convicted in Philadelphia of murder in the first degree for killing Benjamin F. Pitzel. A motion for a new trial will be made on the 18th inst.

The village of Arcadia, In., with the exception of one store, was destroyed by fire.

Upon assurances that Corbett and Fitzsimmons would leave Arkansas the peace warrant cases against them were dismissed.

The Dickinson Hardware company, one of the largest business concerns in Little Rock, Ark., failed for \$150,000.

August A. Hanson, of Minneapolis, in a 24-hour bicycle ride made 375 miles, the best previous record being 367 miles, held by Hueblin.

Francis M. Hatch, minister of foreign affairs, was appointed Hawaiian minister to Washington.

John D. Rockefeller gave \$3,000,000 more to the University of Chicago, making the total sum of his gifts to the university \$7,425,000.

Advices from Cuba say that fully 5,000 men joined the insurgents from Matanzas province in the last month.

An express train on the Baltimore & Ohio road was dethatched at Elm Grove, Va., and two persons were killed and 35 were injured.

The town of Walcott, Minn., was nearly destroyed by fire, the loss being \$250,000.

A passenger train on the Southern Pacific road went from New Orleans to San Francisco in three days, two hours and 45 minutes, the fastest time ever made in the history of railroads over an equal distance.

A sweat-shop building in New York was burned and four persons perished in the flames.

One-half of the village of Lancaster, Ont., was wiped out of existence by fire.

Marsh fires broke out in several places in Porter county, Ind., and hundreds of acres of land were burned over.

Two passenger trains collided at Edgeworth, Mass., and John Flaherty was killed and 20 other persons were injured and a large amount of property destroyed.

The stable at the Dorrance mine near Wilkesbarre, Pa., was burned, and 18 mules were cremated.

Marsh fires that have burned for six weeks underground in Jefferson and Waukesha counties, Wis., have destroyed the fertility of hundreds of acres of valuable land for half a century to come.

FOUND GUILTY.

Jury in the Durrant Case Returns the Verdict.

Guilty of Murder in the First Degree—The Audience Cheers—An Affecting Scene Between Condemned Man and His Mother.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—Theodore Durrant murdered Blanche Lamont. That was the verdict of the jury in the case Friday afternoon. The jury was out 28 minutes. The verdict was received with a shout of applause from the auditors who packed the courtroom. The closing scene of the great trial was full of dramatic interest, pathos and excitement. The charge of Judge Murphy occupied a little over an hour in the delivery.

As Foreman Dutton pronounced the words of guilty of murder in the first degree, the large audience, which had

listened in perfect silence for the words which he was to utter, rose and uttered a yell which echoed far out in the corridors. Most of those in the audience were women. The cries which went up from them fell upon the ear of the convicted murderer's mother like a blow, and it seemed to bring her first realization of the force of the words of the jury's foreman. Her face was averted as she had nerved herself for the ordeal; but, though possessed of marvelous courage, a cry burst from her lips, followed by a hysterical outburst of sobs.

As he listened intently to the words which sealed his fate, Durrant partially rose from his seat. The look on his face was one of defiance, and it was apparent that he had it in mind to address the jury. The first cry from his mother changed his mind, if he had such intention. He sat down, turned to his mother and took her fondly in his arms. She rested her head on his shoulder and with his left arm about her slender form he held her in a tender embrace, patting her with his left hand and with his right stroking her hair. He seemed oblivious to the fact that a verdict which meant death to him had been returned, oblivious to everything except the weeping woman who had sat patiently by his side through the long trial, cheering him with words of hope. If his display was of nerve it was marvelous, and if of callousness to any but filial sensations, it was equally marvelous.

After their discharge, as the jurymen marched by Durrant and his mother, they all looked sympathetically upon the sad picture of the weeping woman upon the shoulder of her condemned son. Then Judge Murphy announced that next Friday he would pass sentence upon Durrant, and at the same time he would fix the time for beginning the trial of Durrant for the murder of Minnie Williams.

The verdict of the jury meets with general approbation. The town is wild over it, and it resembles the aftermath to an election. Durrant himself takes it coolly and says he has not yet lost hope. His attorneys will take an appeal to the supreme court on a bill of exceptions, the material for which accumulated during the trial.

The material for the Minnie Williams trial has all been gathered and the prosecution is prepared to go right ahead with it. It is certain that Judge Murphy will set an early day for the hearing. The general impression is that the result in that case will be the same as the one just concluded.

Predicts a War.

Concord, N. H., Oct. 29.—The following from the pen of Senator William E. Chandler is printed in his paper, the Monitor, under the caption: "Our Coming War with England. A Prediction."

"1. War between the United States and England is inevitable.

"2. It will arise on account of British disregard of our direct interests.

"3. It will also be forced by British encroachments upon other nations all over the world.

"4. It will be fought by us having Russia as a European ally.

"5. As a war offensive on our part it may not happen within twenty years. As a defensive war it may come sooner and should be welcomed.

"6. One sure result will be the capture and permanent acquisition of Canada by the United States."

After the Ball.

St. Louis, Oct. 31.—A special from Monclova, Mexico, says that a party of 20 young men of prominent families went in wagons from Torreon to attend a dance at a neighboring ranch last Monday night. On their return trip a quarrel took place between members of the party and a desperate conflict occurred. Five of the party were killed and ten others seriously wounded.



THEODORE DURRANT.

When Wrinkles Seem the Brow, And the locks grow scant and silvery, and the firmities of age come on apace. To retard the effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine to which the aged and infirm can resort as a safe, soine and invigorant. It neutralizes a tendency to rheumatism, it improves digestion, rectifies jaundice and overcomes malaria. A wine-glass before retiring promotes slumber.

The saddest things in life are men without manhood, women without womanhood and children without childhood.—Young Men's Era.

Schiller Theater.

Helene Mora, surrounded by an excellent company, in "The Modern Mephisto," will be the attraction for one week, beginning Nov. 3d.

PEACE AT LAST.—"There is nothing now to mar our happiness," as Bass remarked when his wife's mother took her departure.—Boston Transcript.

Don't Neglect a Cough. Take Some Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar (instantly) Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The world is God's epistle to mankind. His thoughts are flashing upon us from every direction.—Flato.

I HAVE found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine. F. R. Lutz, 1805 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

"The world" is a conventional phrase, which, being interpreted, signifies all the rascality in it.—Dickens.

A MAN can fool his girl's mother as to what wages he gets, but he can't fool her father.—Atchison Globe.

BEECHAM'S PILLS for constipation 10c and 25c. Get the book (free) at your druggist's and go by it. Annual sales 6,000,000 boxes.

EVERY bride wears a wedding dress that is beyond her father's means.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Scrofula from Infancy

Troubled my daughter. At times her head would be covered with scabs and running sores. We were afraid she would become blind. We had to keep her in a dark room.

We began to give her Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon we saw that she was better in every respect. The sores have now all healed. I had a severe attack of the grip, was left in bed condition with muscular rheumatism and lumbago. Since taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I am all right and can walk around out doors without the aid of crutches." W. H. AREHART, Albion, Indiana.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

World's Fair! HIGHEST AWARD.

IMPERIAL GRANUM

Prescribed by Physicians
Relied on in Hospitals
Depended on by Nurses
Endorsed by THE PRESS
The BEST prepared FOOD

Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE!
John Carle & Sons, New York.

OR KIDNEY'S SWAMP

The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE.

At Druggists, 5c. A Bottle.
Advice & Pamphlet Free.
Dr. Kinner & Co., Birmingham, N. Y.

Root

PISO'S CURE FOR
CROUP, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, etc.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Do
not stop. Sold by druggists.
N. J. MUNITION

MY WEALTH.

Gold! gold! have I, a goodly share,
You laugh and, doubting, ask me where—
Unbraided my little daughter's hair.

Two gems have I, of greatest prize,
Two sapphires of a wondrous size—
Just look within her shining eyes.

Two shells have I, of pink, pink pearl,
Pale as the bud that would unfurl—
The pretty ears of my wee girl.

Two bands of ivory, daisying white,
All I possess environ quite—
Her dimpled arms clasped round me tight.

Kathleen Kavanagh, in Good Housekeeping.

IN THE OTHER BERTH.

"This will be your berth, sir, No. 31," said the berth steward, ushering me into a cozy little cabin. "Your friend can have 33; the lower berths will not be occupied."

"So much the better," said my "friend," whom I had met for the first time at Liverpool street station that evening. He seemed a gentlemanly fellow, and had an endless stock of good stories at his command, so that I was not sorry to hear that we were to be companions for the rest of the journey, and flung my baggage down on one of the lower berths with alacrity.

"We're lucky," he said, as we made our way up on deck; "the boats are usually crowded at this time of year, and it's difficult to secure a cabin to oneself. Have a cigar? There's plenty to see up here, isn't there? I've been across some dozens of times."

I took the portly cigar that he offered me, and for a time we wandered up and down the decks, watching the crowd of passengers, Dutch, English, Hebrew and German, who had just come on board. It was not until the lights of Harwich were mere pinheads in the distance that we decided to turn in.

We undressed in a very few minutes, and, hurrying our clothes on the empty berths below us, scrambled up aloft. My cabin companion switched off the electric light.

"We shall be half way up the Maas when we wake to-morrow," he remarked, wishing me good night.

"Good night," I answered, turning over on my side. I recollect thinking for a few minutes of the jolly holiday before me; of Mynheer Van der Denn, the wealthy diamond merchant, and his pretty daughter, whom I hoped soon to make my wife; of skating and sleighing galore in her company at Amsterdam; of the chance of my host being as ready to give his only child to a comparatively poor young Englishman as he was to invite me to his house; of a dozen other things connected with my visit, and with past days, when the branch in Hatton Garden was being started, and the Van der Dennes lived in London. And then, suddenly the rolling of the vessel, the throbbing of the engines and the fumes of the strong cigar I had smoked on deck must have overpowered me, for the next moment I seemed to hear the gruff voice of the berth steward:

"Now, sir, it's time to get up, please. I called you some time ago, and thought you were dressed. We're just outside Rotterdam."

I rubbed my eyes drowsily, and darted up, knocking my head suddenly against the white ceiling of the cabin; and the berth steward, having at length succeeded in rousing me, hurried off to attend to his numerous duties. How on earth had I managed to oversleep myself so shockingly? A glance at the tumbled bedclothes opposite showed me that my companion of the night before was already up. I could feel that the engines were beginning to slow down; while, through the port hole, trees and houses on the bank of the river were to be seen. On the deck above I could hear the shuffling of many feet, the excited jabbering of Dutch and English Jews, the guttural tones of Germans, the shouts of the sailors to those on the quay, the plumping down of bags and boxes ready for landing.

I was still drowsy, but I managed to resist the temptation to lie down again, and began to fish about for my clothes on the berth below me. I was annoyed with myself for losing the early morning trip up the river, and the sight of the snow-covered windmills, the quaint wooden houses, the low marsh lands and the curious little craft that generally dot the Maas; I was equally annoyed with my roommate for his kindly consideration in not rousing me from my slumbers; and I struggled into my garments rather viciously. And then, suddenly, it began to dawn upon me that something was wrong.

What on earth was I to do? The clothes that I had fished up from below were not the ones that I threw on the berth overnight—they had been changed for others! By mistake or by design—yes, it must have been by design, for no such mistake could possibly have been made; the man in the other berth had substituted his clothes for mine.

I flew to the electric bell, and rang vigorously for the steward. But by this time he was busy on deck, handing departing passengers their luggage and pocketing tips in return, and no one heard or heeded my summons. It was impossible for me, half clad as I was, to rush up above among the crew; and as hastily as possible I slipped into the other man's clothes. I had come off much worse over the bargain, for there

was not a sou in the pockets of the substituted garments, while my watch and chain, money and jewelry were all missing.

When I finally was in a condition to rush up the gangway—I need hardly say without finishing my toilet, for I was in my (or the other man's) shirt-sleeves—I found that most of the passengers had left the deck, though a small group of officers were standing on the shore side of the vessel, engaged in earnest consultation. The heads of a couple of Dutch policemen, distinguished from the others by their curious, low-crowned helmets, towered above the group; and I at once rushed toward them, thanking the lucky chance that had brought them on the spot.

"Have you got him?" I shouted, excitedly, no doubt cutting a curious enough figure in the blue shirt and short trousers that my friend of the night before had been considerate enough to lend me.

"It looks rather as if we have," said one of the ship's officers, glancing at me with a singular expression that I could not at all understand, in his eyes. "Blue shirt and light trousers—dark mustache—that's all right, isn't it, officer?" he said in Dutch, to one of the policemen.

"But where is he?" I asked, in surprise, looking from one to the other. "The fellow's taken practically everything—watch, chain, money, clothes."

"Let's have a look at the other things," said one of the policemen, ignoring my question altogether, and turning to meet the steward, who was stumbling up the gangway under the weight of the clothes that I had left in the cabin. "Blue shirt, light trousers, dark mustache, astrachan overcoat, soft felt hat," he muttered, checking off the items with a cablegram he held in his hand. "And he speaks Dutch pretty well, but with a foreign accent. Yes, my friend, I'm afraid we shall have to take charge of you for the present, in spite of your clever little ruse. Just put the rest of your things on, please, and come along quietly."

"But what's the meaning of all this?" I asked in bewilderment, as the handcuffs were clicked on directly I had finished dressing. "A man steals my clothes and my money, and you lock me up for it, and allow him to escape. Is that the way things are usually managed in Holland?"

"You'll see how things are managed in Holland where diamond thieves are concerned, quite soon enough, sir," said the man, curtly, evidently annoyed at my tone. "Any explanations or excuses you can give later on; in the meantime, perhaps you will accompany us quietly."

"Yes, and in the meantime this gentleman is hurrying off as fast as trains can carry him to some out-of-the-way corner of Europe," I grumbled; but resistance was worse than useless, and, followed by a small crowd of stolid urchins, we made our way along the tree-lined Bompjes to the police station.

Here a short interview with a fiery-faced and fiery-mustached officer told me the nature of my supposed offense, but did not in any way improve my prospects of release. The object of my cabin companion was now quite clear to me, though all my exclamations with regard to the change of clothes were smiled at by the officers, who evidently thought them very clumsy excuses. I was accused of being concerned in a large diamond robbery, and was supposed to have been traveling in Amsterdam in order to make use of my knowledge of precious stones in disposing of the spoils among the "fences" in the Jewish quarter of the town.

The actual thief was confidential clerk to a large firm of diamond merchants in London; his escape with the booty had been noticed a few hours after his departure from town, and full particulars of his clothing and general appearance had been cabled to Rotterdam, with instructions to detain him on the arrival of the boat. But my "friend" had foreseen some difficulty of this kind, and had laid his plans accordingly.

Selecting me as a man of about his own height and appearance, he had managed easily enough to change the clothes in the cabin, the drugged cigar aiding him in his scheme. Clad in my brown ulster and traveling cap, he had passed off the deck with the other passengers without attracting any special attention, and was probably in the act of negotiating with Amsterdam traders at the moment of my examination by the officers at the station.

The fact that I had no diamonds in my possession at the time of my arrest meant nothing; they might have been concealed anywhere in the vessel, or even have been thrown overboard. The steward, to whom I appealed for support of my story, could only assert that he had found me asleep, or feigning sleep, while the other passengers were all preparing to land—and, of course, this told against me. There was only one man in Holland who could help me out of my scrape, and at the name of Van der Denn, diamond merchant, of Amsterdam and Hatton Garden, the officers looked even more suspicious, though they promised that he should be communicated with "in due course."

I was compelled to content myself with this, and resigned myself to my fate. I suppose I must have spent four or

five hours in confinement, and was beginning to wonder whether I was fated to pass the night in like fashion, when the key suddenly turned in the lock, and a warder entered, closely followed by my friend Van der Denn.

"My dear fellow," said the old boy, effusively, rushing toward me and grasping me by the hands, "what an adventure to have had, to be sure! But all's well that ends well, and when you have changed your clothes we will start for Amsterdam at once. Chris is getting quite anxious about you."

"Why, certainly. We've got the clothes and the jewelry, and the diamonds, and, what's quite as important, the man himself. It's the most curious thing I ever knew in my life. Christina and I were expecting you hours back, and I was going to the station to see what had become of you, when I suddenly caught a back view of your counter-part—traveling cap, and that brown ulster of yours, English every inch of it; why, I should know it a mile off in Holland—hurrying across the dam. I caught up to him in a moment, and laid my hand heavily on his shoulder—and instead of your face, Holt & Markson's confidential clerk turned to meet me, with terror in his eyes. I had the police up in half a minute; the diamonds and your watch and chain were discovered; he confessed the whole plot; and beyond that there is nothing else to tell, save that your things are waiting for you to slip into them as quickly as possible, down below."

I have little more to tell than Mynheer Van der Denn had; save that I spent a jolly winter holiday, not in the whitewashed cell; that I asked Christina to be my wife, and met with very little demur from her or from her father, who seemed to think that my adventure deserved some compensation; and, finally, that the handsome wedding present we received from Holt & Markson, out of gratitude for the recovery of the diamonds, has made me none the less cautious now of men "in the other berth."—Tit-Bits.

FRAGMENTS OF FASHION.

Notes on the Latest in Feminine Flattery.

A handsome wedding costume is made of ivory satin. The skirt is long and plain, the body close-fitting at the sides and back. The entire neck, shoulders and front are filled in with very narrow plaitings of crepon. Wreaths of orange blossoms extend from the shoulders down either side of the front to the bodice point, and the veil, which is of tulle and gathered into a knot at the top of the head, is fastened with the flowers.

An evening hat that has been much admired is made of rolls and braids of corn-colored velvet, which form the brim, and a band over the top of the head. Above the velvet rolls are puffs and plaitings of crepe lisse. The crown at the middle of the bonnet is covered with tiny jetted wings and a cluster of aigrets. The sides and back are finished with wreaths of violets in yellow velvet with green velvet leaves.

A handsome bonnet is made of dark blue velvet. The shape is triangular, with the point over the middle of the forehead. The velvet is laid on the frame loosely, and caught down in folds. The trimming is of bows and loops of velvet ribbon, with jeweled ornaments and aigrets rising from a number of small wings. This bonnet has ribbon strings fastened with a jeweled pin.

A walking hat is of white plush, soft and silky. The crown has a band of striped ribbon set flat around it. The trimming is of butterfly bows of striped ribbon fastened with a large jeweled aigret. Ostrich plumes are placed in a circle around the crown and stand up high at one side. There is a loop of ribbon under the brim at one side.—N. Y. Ledger.

He Also Served Himself.

One winter's day the late lamented king of tramps, Harry Villier, met a woman in the streets of Bangor, loaded with a valise and evidently in a very miserable frame of mind. She looked so woe-begone that he doffed his hat and accosted her in his usual courtly fashion. She told a story of hunger, loss of position through sickness, and of eviction from her own poor room because she could not pay the rent. All that excited Harry's ready sympathy.

"If I were rich, my dear madam," said he, "I would assist you in the rich man's fashion—perhaps give you a dollar, perhaps pass by on the other side. But I'm a tramp, and I'll have to help you in tramp fashion." He begged a warm corner for her in an engine room, hunted up some food at neighboring back doors, and when the poor woman was warmed and fed he shouldered her valise and told her to follow him. She did so. He marched straight into the country for half a dozen miles, then approached a farmhouse where he was known and solicited employment for the woman, giving her a glowing recommendation. She was hired and for many years was a hard-working and trusted member of the household.

"And didn't I get glorious feeds when I sauntered along that way," said Harry. "My friends, the Astors, used to envy me when I told 'em about it."—Lewis-ton Journal.

—One More Victim.—"Anything new on hand, Ethel?" "Yes; another engagement ring."

SHOOK US UP.

Mother Earth Shrugs Her Shoulders Rather Vigorously.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Chicagoans were alarmed a few minutes after five o'clock Thursday morning by feeling a distinct earthquake shock. The vibrations, which were felt plainly all over the city, were severe enough to shake objects on the mantels or desks in the tall buildings, and milkmen and other early risers, fearing that some of the skyscrapers might take a tumble, made haste to get on streets where there was less danger. At the 22d street police station the severity of the disturbance was such as to overturn an inkstand on the desk of the night sergeant. Reports are coming in from all over the state from persons who noticed the earthquake, and from towns as far north as Janesville, Wis.

Dispatches from many points throughout the country report earthquake shocks. Among the states visited were Nebraska, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Louisiana, North Carolina and Arkansas.

Charleston, Mo., Nov. 1.—An earthquake of unusual violence occurred here at 5:08 o'clock Thursday morning. After the first shock the earth's surface continued to vibrate for fully 20 minutes. Hundreds of chimneys were toppled down and plate glass in several store fronts broken to bits. The brick Methodist church was badly shattered, and the plastering knocked from 100 or more interiors. In the country four miles south of here the crust of the earth was broken in 50 places, and from the fissures water and sand are gushing in considerable volumes. The same phenomena are reported in the district still farther south and also at Big Lake, several miles north of town. This is a part of the old volcanic region which was overwhelmed and nearly destroyed by an earthquake 80 years ago.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 1.—Just before daybreak Thursday a terrific earthquake shock was felt in Fort Wayne. Large store buildings trembled, residences were in confusion and almost the entire populace was awakened. The houses swayed perceptibly for over a minute and a trembling sensation was experienced from four to five minutes. The soundest slumberers were aroused and startled at the shock. The foundations of one or two buildings were cracked, but not materially damaged. Telephonic messages from all over northern Indiana say that the shock was plainly felt. The first shock was followed by two lighter ones.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 1.—Slight earthquake vibrations were felt here between four and five o'clock Thursday morning. A Cedar Rapids special reports three distinct vibrations there, waking many people and rattling furniture.

Milwaukee, Nov. 1.—There was a distinct earthquake shock felt in this city between 4:30 and five o'clock Thursday morning. A tremor seemed to pass over the city, which caused the houses to shake and awakened many people. The shock lasted for over a minute, and consternation prevailed among those who had been aroused from their slumbers.

Rome, Nov. 2.—An earthquake shock was felt here at 4:38 Friday morning. Many houses swayed badly, walls were cracked, pictures and other articles fell from the walls and other places, people ran panic-stricken into the streets and a serious disaster was for a time apprehended. So far as is known no serious damage was done.

JACK DEMPSEY DEAD.

Consumption Ends the Career of a Famous Pugilist.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 2.—Jack Dempsey, the ex-champion middleweight pugilist, died here Friday of consumption. Dempsey was one of the best known and most widely liked fighters in the world. He held the championship of his class for years, meeting all comers and fighting under all sorts of handicaps.

(Dempsey was born in County Kildare, Ireland, December 15, 1882, and came to America when a boy. He first achieved fame as a wrestler when 20 years of age, and then entered the fist arena. His record follows:

Defeated Jack Boylan, Bob Turner, Bill Dacey, George Fullames, Billy Frazier, Jack Fogarty, Pete McCoy, Johnny Reagan and George La Blanche.

Beaten by George La Blanche and Bob Fitzsimmons.

Draws with Jack Burke, Mike Donovan and Tommy Ryan.)

No Prize Fight.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 2.—Corbett and Fitzsimmons will not fight in Arkansas. This proposition is settled as nearly as anything can be settled that is not an accomplished fact, and when it is added that the pugilists themselves admit that the game is up, it may be conceded that the courts and the governor are the victors. Chancellor Martin has issued a temporary injunction restraining all the pugilists, their backers and trainers, the Hot Springs Athletic club and the officers of Hot Springs from bringing off any fight. This settles any fighting in Arkansas at least for 20 days, when the writ is returnable.

New Queen of Corea.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—A dispatch to the Novoe Vremya from its correspondent in Seoul says that the king of Corea has chosen another queen and has assumed the title of "emperor." The representatives in Seoul of the powers, the dispatch adds, have made a protest against the king's action.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Deer-Slaying Laws.

Chase S. Osborn, state game and fish warden, has issued a pamphlet containing the latest edition of the Michigan game laws. He particularly calls attention to the law restricting the slaying of deer. The season opens November 1 and continues to November 25. The most important extract to non-residents is the following:

"Every non-resident in the state of Michigan who engages in the hunting or killing of deer in any county of the state of Michigan shall be required to take out a license from the county clerk of the county in which he proposes to locate his camp during the open season. Each and every person not a resident of the state of Michigan shall pay a license fee of \$25. Such license shall allow such person to hunt or kill deer in any county of the state of Michigan for the open season of the calendar year of which the license bears the date. No such person licensed under this act shall be allowed to kill more than five deer in any one year."

Put Wheels to His House.

Charles W. Corless, a wealthy farmer of Coldwater, left for Wildbrook, Fla., in a well-furnished cottage on wheels, drawn by four horses. His wife and two-year-old daughter accompany him. The structure contains a bed, Brussels carpet, a dresser, wardrobe, cook stove and utensils. Mr. Corless expects to cover the 1,400 miles by Christmas. If he likes Florida he will remain there, if not he will drive back.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended October 26 reports sent in by 57 observers in various portions of the state indicated that remittent fever, influenza and dysentery increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 181 places, typhoid fever at 113, diphtheria at 41, scarlet fever at 31, measles at 2, whooping cough at 5 and smallpox at Detroit, Hamtramck and Rochester.

Bolt Your Drinking Water.

A state board of health bulletin shows typhoid fever still very prevalent and says:

"This is a time of extraordinary danger from typhoid fever, as has been predicted, since the low water in wells was apparent in June, July, August and September. Prudence dictates that all drinking water not known to be above suspicion, should be boiled, and cooled in some place where the typhoid fever germs will not gain access to it."

Killed by the Cars.

The fast mail train east-bound Friday struck and instantly killed Mrs. Josie Hard, wife of Ticket Agent William H. Hard, of Quincy. Mrs. Hard had been in poor health for a year past and it was thought she was temporarily insane, as she stepped in front of the swift-moving train. She was badly mangled.

Not Satisfied.

Inspector General Walsh is far from satisfied with his last inspection of the Michigan national guard. In a report made to the commander in chief he says several companies are, for various reasons, very weak, and unless material improvement is noted at once radical changes will be made.

The Child Was Murdered.

The surgeons who examined the remains of little Eva Lefreniere, whose body was found hidden in an attic of the Wendel block in Ishpeming, testified that the child was unquestionably murdered. The child disappeared June 24 and was last seen in Mrs. Wendel's millinery store.

Divorce Rate Increasing.

Secretary of State Gardner reports that 55 per cent. more divorce suits were commenced in Michigan in 1894 than in 1884, whereas the population increased but 20 per cent. One divorce is granted to every twelve marriages performed in the state.

First City Election.

At the first city election held in Three Rivers the republicans elected M. H. Humphrey mayor, six of the ten councilmen, clerk, two supervisors and three constables. The democrats have the treasurer, one supervisor and one constable.

Brief News Items.

W. L. Hogue, a merchant at Baroda, had the misfortune to lose \$400 in cash on a railroad train.

Charles P. Hunt, aged 37, recorder of Jackson since 1887, died from the effects of an operation.

Daniel Gifford, of Bethel, is nearly 70 years of age, and yet he recently took his first ride on the cars.

There is not a single union shop or factory in Port Huron, except the cigar factories.

Thirty acres of land near Eaton Rapids are being set to peppermint, a new industry in Eaton county.

The Thompsonville Lumber company's plant, including planing-mill and dry kiln, together with \$2,500,000 feet of lumber, was burned, the loss being \$25,000.

Snow and frost ruined from one-third to one-half the potato crop in Montcalm county.

Lomitz Brothers' fruit store at Red Jacket was wrecked by an explosion, and the brothers were arrested, charged with attempting to destroy the building for the \$1,000 insurance carried on their stock.

George Mumford paid \$20 at Kalamazoo for shooting one shot into a flock of quail and killing five birds.

As the Season Gets Cold

The Demand For HOT WATER BAGS

Begins. Our stock is complete at prices so low that every family can afford one. We have a full up-to-date stock of sundries, such as Combs, Brushes, Syringes, Atomizers, Toilet Preparations, Celluloid Goods and the finest line of Perfumes, both bulk and imported cut glass bottles, ever shown in Chelsea.

For high class goods at reasonable prices we lead.

Save money by placing your Grocery orders with us.

21 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.
Arm & Hammer Soda 5 cents per pound.
Corn Starch 5 cents per pound.
Boston Baking Powder 15 cents per pound.
Warren's A 1 Salmon, best in the world, 15 cents.
Fresh Roasted Peanuts 8 cents per pound.
Hiawatha Fine Cut 60 cents per pound.
Large cans Pumpkin 6 cents per can.

All Patent Medicines 1-4 off.

Shredded Coconut 20 cents per pound.
Kirkoline for washing 20 cents per package.
Electric Kerosene Oil 9 cents per gallon.
50 pounds Sulphur for \$1.00.
8 cans Sardines for 25 cents.
New Tea Dust 8 cents per pound.
4 cakes Sweet Chocolate for 25 cents.
Fine Sugar Syrup 18 cents per gallon.

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

«PORTRAIT»

LIFE



SIZE

Given Away with One Dozen Cabinet Photos.

"Stella Cabinets," "Little Queens," "Mantellos" and "Brownies" at the very Lowest Prices.

Our aim in the past has been to please, and still we hold to our motto.

E. E. SHAVER,

Gallery Over Holmes' Store, Chelsea, Michigan.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.
Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

What Do You
Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the market. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

GROFF'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Dysmenorrhea, Psoriasis, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 16 days. For sale by all Druggists.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Wm. Lewick is clerking for R. A. Snyder.

August Neuberger was in Ann Arbor Wednesday on business.

Mr and Mrs. Geo. Fuller returned to Battle Creek last Friday.

Edward Schmidt left for Cleveland, O., for a few weeks on a visit.

There is not an empty store or dwelling house in this village at present.

Messrs. John and Louis Eisenman were in Owosso Monday on business.

The postoffice now receives the weather predictions direct from headquarters.

President Cleveland has designated Thursday, Nov. 28, as Thanksgiving Day.

Miss Alice Gorman left for New York city last Friday, where she will spend the winter.

Born, Nov. 5, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Burg, of South Main street, a daughter.

The engagement is announced of Miss Myrta H. Kempf to Mr. Clarence J. Chandler.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday afternoon, Nov. 8, at 2:30.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Eisenman and children, of Grafton, Ohio, are visiting relatives here.

A special meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, Nov. 12, at 7 p. m.

The Rev. M. J. Comerford and Mr. Samuel Roberts, of Pinckney, were guests at St. Mary's rectory last Monday.

A broken shaft at the Chelsea Electric Co.'s power house is the cause of our village being in the dark this week.

The ladies of St. Paul's church will hold a social at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mast Thursday evening, Nov. 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McMahon, of Manchester, were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Schmidt last Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Aaron Durand, of Battle Creek, who has been visiting relatives here for the past few weeks, returned home Tuesday.

The Relief Corps have just sent a box of good warm clothing, valued at \$30, to a family of six small children at Ecorse, Mich.

Court Chelsea No. 1612, I. O. F., have fitted up a lodge room in the second story of the Babcock building on North Main street.

A dwelling house owned by Frank Forner, Jr., situated two miles northwest of town, was consumed by fire last Sunday. Cause of fire unknown.

The market for good horses is fair, but there seems to be no rally in the demand for common workers, such as nearly everybody has on hand.

Cashier Palmer, of R. Kempf & Bros' bank, has a fine display of confederate money in the bank window this week, the face value of which was \$1,105.65.

There will be a meeting of the members of the gymnasium and reading room at the rooms next Monday evening at 7:30. Athletics for a half hour, and then a business meeting to talk over plans for a lyceum.

The sermon at the Congregational church next Sunday morning will be on "The Children and the Church," a message to parents. In the evening the series to young women will be continued, the "New Woman" being the special theme.

The board of supervisors have elected Herbert Dancer, of Lima, to succeed George H. Pond as school examiner, E. P. Mason to succeed himself as superintendent of poor, Dr. Baker as county physician, and Daniel Barry as drain commissioner.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Glazier were thrown from their carriage last Saturday evening and narrowly escaped being seriously injured. The team became unmanageable owing to a broken bridle, and ran away, throwing Mr. and Mrs. Glazier out on South street, almost in front of their own residence.

The Bona Mors, or Happy Death Society, was organized last Sunday in St. Mary's church with the approbation of Bishop Foley, who named the Rev. W. P. Considine as the Spiritual Director. The meetings of the society will be held on the third Sunday of every month at 7:30 p. m. Two hundred and fifty joined last Sunday. The first meeting will be held Sunday, Nov. 17, 1895.

The ladies and gentlemen of St. Mary's church will tender a reception and social to their pastor, the Rev. W. P. Considine, on Friday evening, Nov. 15, 1895, at the rectory, in honor of the 10th anniversary of his pastorate with them. Light refreshments will be served, and a most cordial and hearty invitation is extended to all our people to attend. A vocal and instrumental entertainment by good talent will be a feature of the evening's social.

A PICNIC

FOR THE BOYS AND GIRLS

ONE OF THE
BEST

BICYCLES

Made has been bought by us to be presented to the greatest boy or girl hustler under 16 years of age. It will be on exhibition in our show window Saturday, Nov. 9th. All boys and girls are cordially invited to come and see it.

The Conditions Are These:

The boy or girl under 16 years of age who will influence for us the largest amount of trade from now until 'Christmas will be presented with the Bicycle.

How to do it.

Ask your friends to inspect our stock of Table Supplies and Crockery when they get ready to buy, and tell them should they buy to please ask the salesman to have the amount credited to your name on our books. We will give them a card on which will be the amount of their purchases. Your friend will hand the card to you. Then on certain days which we will notify you of through the papers you are to bring the cards to our office. We will add the amounts on your several cards and place the entire sum on a larger card, which you are to keep, only bringing it in each week to have the credits entered.

Every boy or girl in Chelsea and surrounding country, under 16 years, will be allowed to work for this Bicycle. Please call at our store for further particulars.

New Goods This Week.

New Raisins. New Figs. New Prunes. New Currants.
New Canned Goods. Good Old Cheese.
New Cheese. New Syrup in Bbls. New Syrup in Pails.

Prices Lower Than Anywhere.

FREEMAN.

GROCERIES!

What appeals to the purse should interest everybody? Our invitation to those wishing to secure the most for their money in the grocery line has met with a hearty response. Courteous treatment, square dealing and very best goods at lowest prices.

Albion Patent Flour.

A self-evident fact to every housekeeper who has used it that there is nothing that will excel it.

It makes more bread to the pound than any other flour, and lighter, sweeter and healthier bread.

Also Off This Week:

Cape Cod Cranberries. New Raisins.
Hubbard Squash. New Prunes.
Greening Apples. New Figs 10c per pound.
1 Pound of Plug Tobacco for 20 Cents.

We carry the largest and most delicious stock of Confectionery in town. Just try us and be convinced.

For the best of everything in Groceries and Fruit leave all your orders with

J. W. BEISSEL,
The Corner Grocer.

WE

ARE

NOW

Occupying the whole of

our building and invite

you to call and see how

we do our work,

Respectfully,

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY

W. S. HAMILTON

Veterinary Surgeon.
Treats all diseases of the domestic Animals. Now permanently located on Park street, across from the Methodist Church.
Calls at all hours promptly attended to.

CHELSEA, MICH.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Room

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICH.

The Parlor Barber Shop

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.
Geo. Eder, Prop.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

FRIDAY MORNING

We shall place on sale the largest lot of

Ladies' New Jackets, Coats and Capes

Ever opened in Chelsea.

These are some of the newest novelties shown by the manufacturers.

We shall make special inducements in prices for Friday and Saturday of this week

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

THE CASH STORE

—000—

A good cooking molasses 15c gal.
A first-class lantern, ready to light, 28c.
Salt pork 6c per pound.
Oysters on ice.
Brooms cheaper than anywhere.
Buckwheat, graham, wheat flour and corn meal at bottom prices.
Try our 40-cent tea; it's a dandy.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

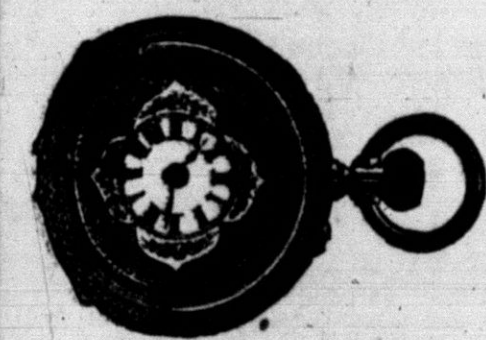
STOVES STOVES

We sell the genuine Round Oak Stove, also a full line of Cook Stoves, Ranges and Coal Heaters.
Our stock is complete, and prices are right.
Our stock of Furniture is larger than ever. Special Sale all this month on Couches. Look through our stock before you purchase, and save money.

W. J. KNAPP.

New stock of Moldings for Picture Frames. We do only first-class work at Lowest Prices.

READY ON TIME



Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Dead or Alive.

I know good meat. Meat should not only be agreeable to the taste and smell, but it should be cut so as to be attractive to the eye.

My Steak is most carefully selected and is tender and juicy.
Never has the difference in cash or credit meat shown so plain as at Boyd's Market.

Oysters 25 Cents per Quart.

M. BOYD.

GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at
HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished Free.



Here and There.

Arl Guerin, of Lima, was a Jackson visitor this week.

Geo. Irwin is having his dwelling house on South street repainted.

Wm. Denman has purchased the Davidson house on Jackson street.

Twelve million postage stamps are used every day in the United States.

C. Springle, of Garfield street, is having a barn built on the rear of his lot.

Little drops of nickels in the slot machine makes the owner fatter and the dropper lean.

Henry M. Wood and Miss Orta M. Placeway, both of Unadilla, were married Nov. 7, 1895.

Last week fire burned over about two hundred acres of marsh belonging to O Gorton, of Waterloo.

For Sale—A full-blood Jersey bull, 5 months old; eligible to register. Enquire of Edward Doll, Lyndon.

The total number bushels of corn raised in the United States this year is estimated at 2,300,000,000, which is the largest ever known.

A Texas man has discovered that eating is largely a matter of habit. Well, it's a habit many men appear to be in a fair way not to get out of.

Corn husking is dry business. An Eaton county farmer attached hose to a steamer, ran the hose into the shock, and the steam made husking a pleasure.

The supervisors have re-elected Erastus P. Mason superintendent of the poor; John W. Barry, drain commissioner; Herbert Dancer, member of the board of school examiners, and Marvin Davenport as janitor.

A petition signed by 200 mothers has been presented to the St. Johns common council asking that body to pass an ordinance prohibiting children under the age of 16 appearing on the streets after 9 o'clock at night. The mothers of this place would do well to follow suit.

The Saturday Evening Star, published in Jackson for some time by M. W. Tarbox, was yesterday purchased by James R. McKinley, formerly a printer on Detroit daily, and by Philip Church, who has been connected with the Albion Recorder for eight years. They propose to run independently as regards politics.

The Rev. J. F. Nugent, of Des Moines, Iowa, one of the most eloquent and distinguished speakers now before the public, will lecture in the Chelsea Opera House on Tuesday evening, November 19, 1895. Dr. Nugent is on the list of speakers for the University lecture course at Ann Arbor, and our citizens will enjoy an intellectual treat not often accorded them.

The Orange Judd Farmer's statistician reports the total seeding of fall wheat to be 26,000,000 acres, or about 1,500,000 acres more than harvested this year, but adds: "The crop was seeded under unfavorable conditions. The fall has been the driest on record, and it follows two years of short rainfall, so that the ground is dry, not only on the surface, but down to a depth never before noted."

The German Workingmen's Benevolent Society is the cheapest and surest insurance of its kind. Nine dollars per year entitles the widow of a member of that society to \$624, payable 30 days after death occurs. It entitles a member of the same society to the benefit of \$100 at the death of his wife. Besides all this, a member receives a sick benefit of \$4 per week in case of sickness. All for \$9 a year.

L. T. Freeman offers a liberal reward to the boys and girls who are willing and active enough to do some hustling, among their friends, in the interest of his store. The bicycle which he offers to the boy or girl who will influence the largest amount of trade for his store from next Monday, running until Christmas, is one of the best made, and is well worth an effort on the part of all boys and girls to secure it. See "ad" on opposite page.

The crop of walnuts, hickory nuts and butternuts in this country this year is probably heavier than has been the case in any year for a long time past. The walnut and butternut trees are fairly groaning under the weight of the nuts, and while the hickory nut crop is not so large as the others, it is still in greater quantity than in recent years. One strange fact is that the walnuts as a rule are of a much smaller size than last year.—Ex.

Next year will be the last leap year of the century, and another will not occur until 1904. The year 1900 will not be a leap year. The unusual occurrence is due to the fact that the addition of one day each fourth year more than makes up the presumed deficiency in the calendar year, and consequently the world is constantly losing time, as a watch is losing it, and therefore there was danger that in the course of a few thousand years the Fourth of July would come on Christmas.

About Cows and Sheep.

What the latest Agricultural College bulletins show: Bulletin Nos. 127 and 128 have just appeared from the press. The first is devoted almost entirely to the dairy work at the college, and gives in full the records of the three dairy cows that have made local dairying something of a fad. The bulletin reveals the facts that the individuality of the cow is an all-important factor, both as to quality and quantity of the milk. Much depends on the frequency and regularity of feeding and watering, also on the compositions of the many feeds. Cows give a greater amount of butter fat per pound of milk in cold weather. Change of food seems to be of consequence in keeping up the flow of milk. The matter of managing a creamery is discussed, as are the subject of milk testers and the care of the milk, cream and butter.

Bulletin No. 128 is given up to the matter of feeding lambs. The experiment is the third of a series of experiments, and the results arrived at will prove of interest to all who raise or deal in mutton, as well as to the consumer of the flesh. Sheep are more economically fattened when more or less closely confined, and wheat seems a better food than corn. Self-feeding troughs are a very expensive means of putting on fat. The animals that are pastured on rape in the autumn seem to take on fat from the first to better advantage.

Life-Saving Sleeves.

A new use has been found for balloon sleeves, through the ingenuity of an enterprising inventor, which promises great results.

The "bustle" inside the sleeves has up to date been adopted somewhat warily, as hardly filling a long-felt want. But now a silk life-preserver is to take its place, which can be inflated at will, and enables the wearer to float in perfect ease on the water.

Bailing parties made up largely of ladies will leave the man at the helm very much at ease, with each female member of the company transformed into an animated life preserver; for if one moves carelessly on the deck and gets blown overboard there is no danger of a tragedy. The balloons will also add no little sail area in fair winds. The life-saving sleeve will doubtless prove a big thing, and all that it is puffed up to be.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Lost.

Last Saturday, between Main street and my residence, a red woolen horse blanket. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Herald office. CONRAD HAFNER.

Wives' and Mothers' Work.

We have all seen a goodly number of admirable wives and mothers, writes Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D., in November Ladies' Home Journal, but we have probably scarcely seen one who could not have been a great deal larger and more accomplished than she was without its being necessary for her to have a wider territory of exertion in order to evince and exercise all there was in her. I have taken no ground against woman's doing anything and everything that the most demonstrative and high-keyed representatives of her sex aspire to. In particular I have not even uttered a word against so serious an innovation as that of woman's going to the polls. I have only tried to show the infinite stretch of opportunity that opens before her in the line of service which the general instinct and the revealed word of God shows to be primarily pertinent to her. When the sex has succeeded in doing perfectly what God and Nature evidently intended to have her do, it will be time for her to think about doing some things upon which God and Nature have expressed themselves less definitely.

For Sale.

A good 5-year-old mare, or will exchange for young stock or for four-foot wood. GEO. BLAICH.

Karl's Clover Root will purify your blood, clear your complexion, regulate your bowels and makes your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

J. C. Twitchell,

PHYSICIAN

AND
SURGEON.

Office in Hatch & Durand building.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN

DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,

PHYSICIAN

AND
SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and
2 to 5. 17

R. McCOLGAN,

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear and throat.

Office and residence corner Main and Park streets, Chelsea.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. M. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

DR. BUELL,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office over H. S. Holmes' Store.

Office hours—8 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA, MICH.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gihbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection
28 WM. CASPARY.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 16th, 1895

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express.....7:17 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....9:19 P. M.

GOING WEST.
Mail and Express.....9:17 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....11:00 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.



CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

A large and beautiful village lot on Jefferson street, near the Union school. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at this office.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THE Manufacturers' Record, of Baltimore, addressed inquiries to members of congress in regard to government aid to the Nicaragua canal and has received replies from 118, of whom 96 strongly favor such aid.

DIPHTHERIA serum is about to be manufactured on a commercial scale by a dyeing establishment in Hoechst, near Frankfurt-on-the-Main. It will be much concentrated, and five times as strong as hitherto used.

BERLIN is to have an industrial exhibition next year which, it is thought, will attract a large German attendance. There will be an interesting feature like that of "Old London" at the last exhibition at South Kensington.

It is said that the oldest living man and wife in the United States are Louis and Amelia Darwin, of Black Falls, Wis. The husband was born in 1788, or one year before the inauguration of the first president of the United States, and the wife was born in 1794. They have been married eighty years.

THE enormous extent of the forests, and also of the lumber industries, of the northwest is indicated by the fact that this year Washington will make shipments of lumber aggregating 400,000,000 feet, Oregon 150,000,000 feet and British Columbia 40,000,000 feet. And there is no danger of the supply running short.

A CAREFUL estimate of the Florida orange crop is 100,000 boxes, which is quite a drop from the 5,000,000 boxes of the season of 1903-04. But the new growth of trees is doing exceedingly well, and ought to be producing again within three years. It is predicted that five years hence the crop will be as large as ever.

ONE hundred miners have returned from the Yukon river with \$200,000 in gold dust and nuggets. This confirms the report of the geological survey in Alaska that the precious metal exists there in paying quantities. The seals, which have been a mine of wealth ever since the purchase of the territory are said to be practically exhausted, but more valuable mines yet remain to be opened up.

ONE of the interesting sights of Washington just now is a senator's wife riding about on a bicycle as jauntily as if she were a girl, instead of a woman of seventy-three years and of nearly 300 pounds weight. The wheel is having immense vogue at the national capital, where the asphalt pavements invite the pleasure, and where everybody, from supreme justice to house page, rides.

THE contract for one of the largest electric freight elevators in the country was closed the other day by a Springfield (Mass.) company, it having a lifting capacity of 20,000 pounds. It will be placed in the storehouses of one of the big electric railways of Chicago, and is designed to lift an entire car at a time. This is one of four received in Chicago, two being freight and two passenger.

ROCKLAND, Me., has a freak in natural history which is certainly a most marvelous phenomenon of its kind. It is a talking canary bird which sings articulate sentences so plainly that the veriest stranger can understand every single word. This wonderful bird is owned by the wife of one of Rockland's oldest business men and expert accountants, and learned to talk without any special teaching.

It is announced that Mrs. Vanderbilt's income will shrink \$50,000 a year when her daughter is married, but the satisfaction of having a duke for a son-in-law would fully compensate her for this. Ever since the arrival of the duke of Marlborough in this country Mr. Vanderbilt has made his former wife an extra allowance for his grace's proper entertainment. It is whispered this will cost \$100,000 exclusive of the wedding and Miss Vanderbilt's trousseau.

MR. NONAKA, the Tokio meteorologist, who proposes to spend the winter on the top of the sacred mountain Fuji, has had a hut constructed, and is preparing to take it up the mountain piece-meal. His wife courageously insists upon accompanying him and sharing all his dangers and discomforts. Old Fujisan, with its 12,365 feet of altitude, no longer holds the crown in the empire of Japan. Mount Moku, in Formosa, is 12,850 feet in height.

SOME patriotic citizen of Prescott, Ariz., in lauding his town and state, and decanting on the wonderful riches of the region, declared that even the buildings of Prescott were in part gold. He was taken up on the assertion, and a bet resulted. A few days ago an assay was made of sandstone being used in the erection of some new buildings, and the stone showed \$4 per ton in gold and twenty cents per ton in silver. It wouldn't pay to mine the buildings of Prescott, but the boomer won his bet.

READY FOR THE JURY.

Holmes Confident of Acquittal, Presents No Evidence.

Trial of the Alleged Multi-Murderer in Philadelphia—Resume of Proceedings—Defense Think State's Case Is Weak.

Philadelphia, Oct. 29.—Herman W. Mudgett, better known as H. H. Holmes, the self-confessed life insurance swindler, and the alleged multi-murderer, whose supposed crimes have been a topic for general discussion the past several months, was placed on trial Monday morning in the court of oyer and terminer on the charge of having murdered Benjamin F. Pitzel.

After the formalities in connection with the opening of court had been concluded, the defense asked for a postponement of the case for 60 days. This was refused, and the lawyers of the defense withdrew, notwithstanding the court's warning that they made themselves liable to disbarment. Holmes refused to accept other counsel, and proceeded to conduct his own case. The questions he put to the jurors as they came up showed great shrewdness. Holmes also showed much skill in his cross-examinations in Tuesday's sessions. However, he stated to the court Tuesday evening that



LATEST PICTURE OF HOLMES

owing to the criticism leveled at his counsel for withdrawing he had asked them to resume charge of his case. This was then permitted.

Philadelphia, Oct. 31.—Mrs. Pitzel was placed upon the witness stand Tuesday afternoon, and her story furnished the first really sensational feature in the Holmes murder trial.

Mrs. Pitzel testified that she employed Howe to collect the insurance money by the advice of Holmes. At the time Holmes told her that Pitzel was alive and was going around by Puget Sound. Holmes told her that her husband received her last letter, and she replied: "Oh! how could he do so and get me into trouble?" Holmes told her that it was through his wife at Williamette, Ill., that the insurance company found him.

Alice started for Philadelphia with Howe, Holmes not being along. It was at Holmes' suggestion that the child was sent to Philadelphia, and both men promised to take good care of her. Holmes further promised that his "cousin," Minnie Williams, would be in Philadelphia to look after the girl.

The next time she saw Holmes was on September 27, at her home in St. Louis. The body had been identified, and Holmes told her he had left Alice in Cincinnati, and as she would not want to leave the child alone, he offered to take Nellie and Howard, the other two children, to her in Indianapolis. She took the children to the railroad station, and there they met Howe, who gave her five dollars of the insurance money. Holmes and the children left, and she did not see Holmes again until October 2, when the prisoner came to her house in St. Louis.

Holmes would not allow her to mail any letters herself, but took them from her and promised to post them for her. A bunch of these letters to the children that Holmes had never mailed were shown to Mrs. Pitzel and she readily identified them. Holmes not only did not mail the letters, but opened and read them. Mrs. Pitzel seemed about



PITZEL.

to break down when asked to identify the handwriting of her dead girls in letters to herself, but she bore up bravely and amidst a deathlike silence in the courtroom named the writer of each letter as it was shown to her.

Mr. Graham asked: "When did you last see or hear from your husband?"

In a voice choking with emotion Mrs. Pitzel replied:

"I have never seen my husband since the 29th of July, or heard from him in his own handwriting since August 29."

Then Mr. Graham in a solemn voice asked: "Have you ever seen any of your three children since you gave them to this man?"

This question was too much and amidst her sobs Mrs. Pitzel replied: "I have never seen my little girls except lying side by side in the morgue at Toronto, and I have never seen Howard, but I saw some of his little things in the coroner's office at Indianapolis."

There was more than one moistened eye in the court while the sobbing woman was speaking, and the defense, realizing the probable effect the sight of a bereaved and suffering mother would have upon the sensibilities of the jury, interposed an objection. Mr. Graham was so vehement in his indignant reply to the defense's objection that he was rebuked by the court who, however, sustained his line of questioning.

The defense then began its cross-examination, which was conducted by Mr. Rotan. The cross-examination of Mrs. Pitzel covered much the same ground as her direct testimony and developed nothing favorable to the defense, but, if anything, strengthened the story of Holmes' cold-blooded knavery. Mrs. Pitzel was still on the stand when court took a recess.

At seven p. m. Mrs. Pitzel resumed the stand, and her cross-examination was proceeded with. It was indirectly shown by the testimony of the witness that Holmes had several times paid the rent for the Pitzel family, and grocery and provision bills. The witness further said that her husband had told her that Holmes owed him this money, and if he did not provide for his (Pitzel's) family while he was in prison he would make it hot for Holmes. By indirect admissions, Mrs. Pitzel showed that Pitzel was practically dependent upon Holmes for support. Pitzel told her, previous to its carrying out, of the scheme to defraud the insurance company, but he did not tell when or where it would be perpetrated.

She identified the portrait of her husband and the valise he had when he left home. After being on the stand for an hour Wednesday evening, Mrs. Pitzel's examination was ended, and she feebly staggered to her seat, with the assistance of two court officers, and in a few minutes left the courtroom.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—The defense in the Holmes trial now in progress here scored two points Thursday. The first was the refusal of Judge Arnold to allow certain letters written by the Pitzel children to their mother to be read. This, however, was but a temporary ruling subject to a decision to be rendered later. It was, nevertheless, accounted a partial victory for the defense, for the letters would probably have appealed to the jury and prejudiced their minds against Holmes.

The second point was a more substantial one. It was a decision rendered by Judge Arnold thwarting the plan of the prosecution to drag in the fate of the children. He ruled that the killing of the children had no connection with the trial of Holmes for the murder of the father, and that no such evidence could be introduced. This decision apparently left the prosecution in confusion, and in consequence the district attorney asked for time in which to rearrange his case. The court granted the request and the night session was not held.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2.—Holmes on Friday threw himself upon the mercy of the jury. When the commonwealth closed its case in the afternoon, his attorneys announced that they considered the prosecution had not made out its charge of murder and they would rest their case upon the evidence offered by the commonwealth and submit no testimony in defense of the prisoner. This decision was made by Holmes upon the advice of a well-known lawyer who was at one time retained by the prisoner. The move seemed like a bold one, but was unquestionably done more in desperation in hope of influencing the jury and creating the impression in their minds that, being conscious of his innocence and not having had time to prepare a proper defense, Holmes trusted himself to their sense of justice. In reality Holmes has no defense. The commonwealth has presented no direct proof that Holmes murdered Pitzel. Their chain of circumstantial evidence even was not as strong as expected, and but for the admissions at various times of Holmes himself, the district attorney would have had a most difficult task in proving the charge.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Monthly Statement Shows an Increase During October.

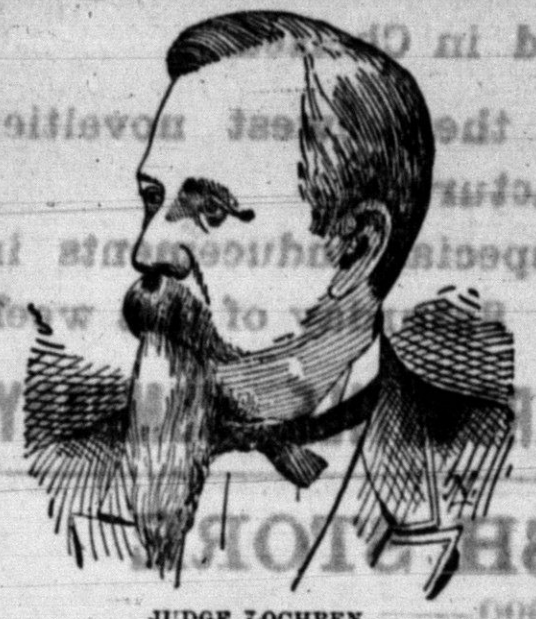
Washington, Nov. 2.—The debt statement shows a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during October of \$5,321,472.08. The interest-bearing debt was increased \$740; the noninterest-bearing debt decreased \$116,632.85, and cash in the treasury decreased \$5,437,364.93. The balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business October 31 were: Interest-bearing debt, \$747,361,550; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,681,670.26; debt bearing no interest, \$377,535,876.64. Total, \$1,126,379,106.90. The certificates and treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, outstanding at the end of the month were \$591,102,673, a decrease of \$9,125,020. The total cash in the treasury was \$812,137,610.87. The gold reserve was \$82,942,179. Net cash balance, \$87,004,819.48.

LOCHREN REPORTS.

Pension Commissioner Tells of the Year's Work in His Department.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Judge William Lochren, commissioner of pensions, has submitted his annual report to the secretary of the interior. It shows that up to June 30, 1894, there were 999,544 pensioners, and during the year 39,185 new pensions were granted and 4,209 restored that had been dropped from the rolls, making an aggregate roll of 1,012,935. There were 27,816 deaths and 14,575 pensioners dropped during the year, making the number on the rolls on June 30, 1895, 970,524, an increase during the year of 980.

Unless further pension legislation is enacted the commissioner thinks that



JUDGE LOCHREN.

the appropriation of \$140,000,000 will be sufficient for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896. The estimates for 1897 are the same as for 1896, except an additional \$3,000 for better quarters of the agent at Buffalo, N. Y.

The act of March 2, 1895, increasing the rate of certain pensioners to six dollars per month made an increase of \$1,500,000 annually in the payment of pensions, and the act repealing the act of March 3, 1893, which forbade the payment of pensions to nonresidents after July 1, 1893, increased the payments during the last four months of the year 1895 about \$275,000.

HOLD ARMENIANS RESPONSIBLE

The Porte Issues a Circular Note to Its Representatives Abroad.

Constantinople, Oct. 31.—The Porte has sent a circular note to the Turkish representatives abroad in regard to the recent disturbances in the provinces in which it is declared that the Armenians were the aggressors. Order prevails everywhere now, the circular says, except at Bairburt, where 400 armed Armenians are menacing the Mussulmans there.

London, Oct. 31.—The Standard prints a Constantinople dispatch giving, under reserve, a report that 3,000 persons were killed during the fighting between Armenians and Mohammedans at Bitlis. The Daily News has a Constantinople dispatch placing the number killed at 700.

The Daily News publishes a Constantinople dispatch under date of October 29 saying that the massacre of Armenians at Marash has ceased. The missionaries are safe. A demand will be made upon the British embassy and the United States legation that the relief operations at Sassoun shall cease.

MADE A CARDINAL.

The Pope Confers This Honor on Mgr. Satolli.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Mgr. Satolli, papal delegate to the United States, has been made a cardinal by the pope. The



SATOLLI, THE NEW CARDINAL.

berretta will be imposed by Cardinal Gibbons in Baltimore early in December.

Rome, Nov. 1.—It is stated here that Mgr. Satolli will probably remain in Washington for some time after he is raised to the dignity of cardinal, with the title of pro-delegate apostolic. His successor has not yet been selected.

Thanks From Japan.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Accompanied by Secretary Olney, Mr. Kurino, the Japanese minister, and his secretary of legation called upon President Cleveland and presented to him an autograph letter from the emperor of Japan, expressing his appreciation of the good offices exercised by the United States government to bring about a restoration of peace between Japan and China, and for the protection accorded to Japanese residents in China.

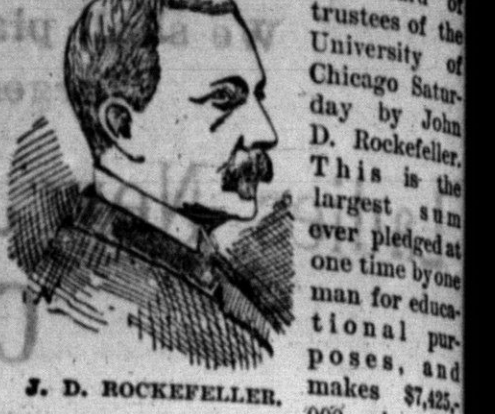
Losses of the Gloucester Fleet.

Gloucester, Mass., Nov. 2.—Statistics setting forth the losses of Gloucester fishing vessels and sailors for the year ending November 1 show that 11 vessels, with a total valuation of \$70,000, have been lost, while 90 men have perished. Last year 137 men were lost.

GETS \$3,000,000 MORE.

John D. Rockefeller Makes Another Donation to University of Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Three million dollars were placed within the control of



J. D. ROCKEFELLER.

the board of trustees of the University of Chicago Saturday by John D. Rockefeller. This is the largest sum ever pledged at one time by one man for educational purposes, and makes \$7,425,000 given by

Chicago. This enormous sum is divided into eight gifts, which were made as follows:

May, 1889.....\$ 800,000

September, 1890.....1,000,000

February, 1892.....1,000,000

December, 1892.....1,000,000

May, 1893.....1,000,000

July, 1894.....1,000,000

December, 1894.....1,000,000

November, 1895.....2,000,000

Total.....\$7,425,000

By the terms of Mr. Rockefeller's gift \$1,000,000 is tendered unconditionally for endowment purposes. The other \$2,000,000 is given provided the university can raise an equivalent sum between now and the year 1900 from outside sources. The board of trustees, however, has not the slightest doubt of its ability to meet this requirement, and feels that the \$2,000,000 are already its own.

Failure on the part of the university to secure the sum named does not, however, invalidate the pledge of Mr. Rockefeller so far as his \$2,000,000 clause is concerned. He, on the other hand, agrees to forward installments on that proposition "in amounts equivalent to the contributions of others in cash or its equivalent, not hitherto promised, as the same shall be received by the university."

TWO TOWNS BURNED.

Fire Destroys the Villages of Walcott's Mills, Minn., and Arcadia, Ia.

Arcadia, Ia., Nov. 4.—The most disastrous fire that has visited this town in its history occurred Sunday night. There is now only one general store left in town. The flames burned over an area of four acres, taking with it six residences, the hotel, opera house, one livery barn, harness shop, two grain elevators, one lumber and coal yard, a barber shop, the post office, two drug stores, two saloons, three general merchandise and one furniture store, one hardware store, a butcher shop, boot and shoe store, four barns and a vacant store building. The estimated loss is \$55,000; partially covered by insurance.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 4.—The whole town of Walcott Mills, Rice county, with the exception of two dwellings, was wiped out by a conflagration beginning at 10:30 Sunday morning. The fire departments of both Fairbault and Northfield were called out, but owing to a high wind, neither was able to check the flames to any extent. The chief loss was the mills of the Sheffield Bros., one of whom is mayor of Fairbault. The mills alone were valued at \$150,000, with an insurance of \$81,000. Fourteen buildings were consumed. Five cars of flour standing on a spur of the Milwaukee track were also burned. The mills were the best equipped of any in southern Minnesota. They were 20,000 barrels behind in their orders and employed nearly 100 men.

AGREE TO LEAVE THE STATE.

Cases Against Corbett and Fitz Dismissed on This Understanding.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 4.—At noon Saturday Assistant Attorney-General Hemingway appeared in the circuit court and stated that the state had received assurances that the defendants, Fitzsimmons and Julian, would abstain from any unlawful undertaking in the state. They had also agreed to leave the state.

Upon that assurance the state was willing to dismiss the peace warrant cases, with the understanding that if the defendants violated their pledge the case should be reinstated.

Mr. South, for the governor, stated that this was satisfactory. The court said that the desired order would be entered and the cases were accordingly dismissed.

Neither Fitzsimmons nor Julian were present. The attorney general then proceeded to Chancellor Martin's court where a similar motion was made and granted as to Corbett and Brady. This leaves the pugilists free from legal restrictions except as to the injunction issued Friday, which still holds good and will be urged should there be any attempt to pull off the fight.

BREAKS THE RECORD.

Sunset Route Makes Fastest Time for the Distance in History of Railroads.

New Orleans, Nov. 4.—The fast transcontinental train of the Southern Pacific (Sunset route) broke the record on the initial trip of the season. The Sunset limited left New Orleans Thursday morning, October 31, with a full complement of passengers, arriving at Los Angeles Saturday, on the dot, traversing the distance in two days, nine hours and 45 minutes. San Francisco was reached on time in three days, two hours and 45 minutes, the fastest time ever made in history of railroads over an equal distance.

CONVICTED.

Holmes Found Guilty of the Murder of Pitzel.

Requires But a Short Time to Reach Verdict—The Archdeacon But Little Moved by the Result—New Trial Asked.

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—Henry H. Holmes was convicted of murder in the first degree at 8:51 o'clock Saturday night for killing Benjamin F. Pitzel. He coughed slightly when he heard the verdict. That was the only sign.

The jury retired to deliberate at 5:40 o'clock. According to one of their number, they had reached their verdict before the doors of their room closed upon them. For hunger's sake they ate their supper first. Then they took a ballot, without hesitation every man of the 12 answered: "Guilty of murder in the first degree."

At 8:40 o'clock there was a bustle of moving people in the packed courtroom and it became known that the jury was coming in. A moment later Judge Arden took his seat. District Attorney Graham and his assistants entered and the jury filed solemnly in and took their seats in the box. Then, amid an oppressive silence, Holmes was brought in and placed in the dock. For a moment there was not a sound. The silence was generally painful and every heart in that crowded room throbbed faster. The man who was about to hear his doom pronounced stood erect in the dock, the same death like pallor on his face. He stared at the jury blankly, his hands clasped behind his back. Once or twice he moistened his lips with his tongue. There was no other sign of agitation. Then, from a deep-voiced court clerk came the request to the jury for their verdict. The condemning words came promptly from the foreman: "Guilty of murder in the first degree."

"Hem," uttered Holmes, clearing his throat, but his shrunken form never quivered, his lips betrayed no quiver, his marvelous nerve had not forsaken him. There was only a tighter clasp of his hands folded behind him. Then he only sat down and, at the request of counsel, the jury was polled. As each name was called Holmes wrote it on the margin of a newspaper in his hand, and his fingers holding the pencil never quivered. The verdict was formally recorded by the court, the motion for a new trial was made, and Holmes was taken to his cell room and a few moments later to prison. Then the jury was thanked for its attention and labors and sent home, the court adjourned and the most extraordinary case in the annals of American courts was ended.

Holmes spoke to his counsel, Rotan and Shemmaker, in the cell room before he was taken back to the Moyamensing prison. To them he said: "I feel that I am condemned me. It was an unjust trial. He would say no more than that."

Immediately after the announcement of the verdict the usual application for a writ of habeas corpus was made. District Attorney Graham did not oppose the motion, and Judge Arden fixed the 18th of this month for a hearing. The principal reason urged will be lack of time for the preparation of the defense. Should a new trial be refused, an appeal will be taken to the supreme court, and argument heard at the next sitting in this city, January, 1900.

The verdict was a surprise to many persons who did not believe the crime had been fastened upon Holmes beyond reasonable doubt. When these heard they said:

"Well, it was on general principles, and it's just as good."

That is not the meaning of the law, that in this case everybody agrees that it's just as good. There is no word of pity or sympathy for the condemned man. He is regarded as a menace to society.

Mr. Graham made the argument for the prosecution and Mr. Rotan that for the defense.

Judge Arnold, in his charge to the jury, began with the usual definition of the various degrees of murder and manslaughter, and read several passages from the penal code of Pennsylvania. He instructed the jury to direct their thoughts to the question whether the prisoner had committed murder, and, so, of what degree. If the commonwealth had proved that it was a wilful, deliberate and premeditated murder, he was guilty of murder in the first degree. If persuaded that it was suicide and not murder, or if there was a reasonable doubt in the minds of the jurors they must acquit.

TRAIN ROBBED IN MEXICO.

Wells-Fargo Safe Out and Tied \$5,000.

Torreon, Mexico, Nov. 4.—One of the most daring train robberies that have occurred in the republic of Mexico was committed on the San Pedro and the International railroad last week, in which the Wells-Fargo Express company lost \$5,000, but through the agency of the officials the facts were suppressed until Saturday. The train consisted of one engine and an empty car. The messenger and the car while the messenger was absent, and drew the safe, out of the car door and made their escape.

FAMOUS MARSH ABLAZE.

Fire Still Rages in the Kankakee Region—Losses Are Heavy.

La Porte, Ind., Nov. 4.—Fanned by the high winds of the last few days the marsh fires have again broken out in the Kankakee region, and a vast waste of ashes tells of the fury of the flames. Already two men have been seriously, if not fatally, burned. They are Henry Jonas and David Stadon. Starting at a point in Lake county in the lowlands of the Kankakee, which is now but a sluggish creek, the fire has swept with cyclonic force over an immense area, destroying everything in its path. Human efforts have been powerless, and, despite the ceaseless vigilance of men, women and children throughout the day and the night, the flames have leaped across creeks, spanned open spaces where it was hoped to stop the work of devastation and swept onward to fields which were soon desolated.

The Kankakee region, which has long been famous hunting grounds, extends across the southern portion of the counties of Lake, Jasper, Porter, La Porte and St. Joseph. The chief industry is haymaking. Along the river for miles hundreds of men find employment in harvesting the annual crop. For two weeks the fire has been persistently fought, until it has gained the mastery and the fighters retreated to places of refuge and safety. The marshes are as inflammable as powder, and people in the villages of Hanna, Davis, Wilders and other hamlets have watched with blanched faces the flames as they encroached upon their homes, fearful that with the passing of every hour the wind would change and their habitations be laid in ruins. Fortunately the fire has kept within certain boundaries and the little towns have escaped.

Horses and cattle have been cremated, fences, barns and farm implements destroyed, and it is now feared that human life will pay the sacrifice of the effort to subdue the flames.

It is not possible to form any intelligent estimate of the aggregate loss, but the destruction of thousands of tons of hay and the loss of presses, buildings and live stock in the five counties will reach \$100,000.

In the territory swept underground fires are burning and veritable furnaces are practically consuming the land, making it untillable and unproductive, and rendering travel difficult and perilous.

The present drought, which is without precedent in the memory of the oldest inhabitant, has brought blight and heavy financial loss to people living in the Kankakee region, and the only prayer of hundreds of sufferers is for long and continued rain to accomplish what heroic human efforts have failed to perform.

Crown Point, Ind., Nov. 4.—The Kankakee marsh fire is about under control and will do no further damage in this vicinity. It is now burning in a tenuous piece of woodland two miles from Baum's bridge. Sixty of Nelson Morris' men cornered the blaze there Saturday. When it entered the woods each man began plowing, and they succeeded in turning over 300 feet of earth on every side of the burning timber. The damage done will amount to several thousand dollars, as follows:

Bryant, Burdine & Sweeney, 150 tons of hay, loss \$1,500; Jerry Sherwood, 50 tons of hay, loss \$500; H. Kitchart, 50 tons of hay, loss \$500; G. W. Alaca, 125 tons of hay, loss \$1,250; Nelson Morris, 1,500 tons of hay, loss \$15,000.

Mr. Spence foreman of the Nelson Morris tract, was surrounded by flames on Friday while eating dinner. The house, barn, etc., were burned and the family of six escaped to an island. Here the fire held them at bay until rescued. The ground in the swamp has burned down to a depth of 15 feet, and probably will burn until heavy snow falls. Horses have fallen into these pits and have been burned, as the ground for miles is nothing but ashes. What was once worth thousands of dollars now lies in ashes on the burned territory.

Eagle, Wis., Nov. 4.—The marsh fires that have burned and spread underground for six weeks past through large portions of Jefferson and Waukesha counties, destroying the fertility of hundreds of acres of valuable land for half a century to come, burning thousands of tons of hay, have reached the timberland along the river banks. Trees are falling and other property being consumed. The extent of the fires is owing to the unprecedented drought. They can only be extinguished by heavy, continuous rain or snow. Their peculiarity is in running underground, burning deep, and appearing suddenly on the surface at distant intervals.

WATER FOR FOX RIVER.

Manufacturers' Committee Prepares Memorial to Congress.

Green Bay, Wis., Nov. 4.—The subcommittee of the special committee of the Fox river valley manufacturers has prepared a memorial to congress for the relief of the manufacturing and navigation interests, which are suffering from the low stage of water. The committee recommends that the Wisconsin river be tapped at Portage and its water turned into the Fox. The urgent need of the improvement recommended is shown, as interests amounting to \$30,000,000 or \$40,000,000 and employing 40,000 men are involved. The memorial will be considered at a meeting of Fox river valley business men to be held in Oshkosh Thursday next.

Maid, Mother and Infant.
A blushing rose smiled 'neath a sunny bower,
And brighter grew as day succeeded day,
Until it bloomed, a sweet and fragrant flower,
And gophers came to steal its breath away,
And bring it nectar lest it should decay.
One morn' was found within its fragrant cup,
A crystal dewdrop, just distilled from Heaven;
A sunbeam passing took the dewdrop up;
The rose then drooped, to grief its leaves were given,
And ere 'twas noon the stalk was tempest-riven.
—C. Violet Malotte-Wilson, in Inter Ocean.

HARDENING OF THE LIVER.

How a Pittsfield, Ill., Gentleman Overcame It.

Condition Often Induces Paralysis and Should Have the Best of Treatment.

From the Democrat, Pittsfield, Ill.
Mr. Valentine Smith, a farmer living in this county, whose post office address is Pittsfield, Ill., for the good of humanity in general, and especially for the benefit of any who may be afflicted as he was, wishes to make the following statement with reference to the great benefit he has received from using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People:

His statement is as follows: "About a year ago I was living in the Mississippi bottom near the river, and I had become very much broken in health, suffering greatly from a distension or hardening of the lower part of the abdomen or bowels, besides being troubled with my kidneys and other complications which rendered my case, as I had supposed, almost hopeless. I had been in this condition, although, of course, not as bad as I was a year ago, for something over six years, and had about given up all hope of ever being a well man again, when, by the many testimonials and advertisements I had read with reference to the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I was induced to give them a trial. After taking two boxes I began to feel greatly relieved, and by the time I had used up five or six boxes I was completely cured and have been, comparatively speaking, a well man ever since. During all the time that I was suffering with this dreadful disease, which I am unable to name, I passed many sleepless nights and was in great distress almost continually and was able to do but little work. Now I sleep and eat well, and although I am sixty-one years of age, I am able to do a good day's work on the farm, having put in and tended eight acres of corn this season, besides doing a large amount of other work on the farm. In short, I think your medicine a great blessing to humanity, and can cheerfully recommend it to all suffering as I was. I had been in this condition six or seven years and had given everything I could hear of, doctors included, a fair trial, but could get no relief."
VALENTINE SMITH.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of June A. D. 1898.

MINNIE COLEY, Notary Public.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of influenza, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

When a new paper is started in this section of the country, it is reported as another yarn mill in full operation—Texas Siftings.

Atlanta and the South.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois R. R. will during the time of the Exposition at Atlanta Sept. 18, to Dec. 31, 1898, offer exceptionally fine service between Chicago and the South. A low rate ticket will be sold, and through cars run to all southern points. This is 55 miles the shortest route to Atlanta, Chattanooga and the South.
For passage to Atlanta and the Exposition address C. W. Humphrey, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or City Ticket Office, 230 Clark St., Chicago. Charles L. Stone, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Sorrow has not been given to us for sorrow's sake, but as a lesson which we are to learn somewhat, which once learned it ceases to be sorrow.—Carlyle.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

November 8 the "Twentieth Century Girl" will commence an engagement. A spectacular farce which contains some of the best vaudeville people on the stage.

DORA—"Mr. Spooner says he always feels like a fish out of water when he's with me."
CORA—"Then you've hooked him, haven't you?"—Harper's Bazar.

Bubbles or Medals.

"Best sarsaparilla." When you think of it how contradictory that term is. For there can be only one best in anything—one best sarsaparilla, as there is one highest mountain, one longest river, one deepest ocean. And that best sarsaparilla is—? . . . There's the rub! You can measure mountain height and ocean depth, but how test sarsaparilla? You could, if you were chemists. But then, do you need to test it? The World's Fair Committee tested it,—and thoroughly. They went behind the label on the bottle. What did this sarsaparilla test result in? Every make of sarsaparilla shut out of the Fair, except Ayer's. So it was that Ayer's was the only sarsaparilla admitted to the World's Fair. The committee found it the best. They had no room for anything that was not the best. And as the best, Ayer's Sarsaparilla received the medal and awards due its merits. Remember the word "best" is a bubble any breath can blow; but there are pins to prick such bubbles. Those others are blowing more "best sarsaparilla" bubbles since the World's Fair pricked the old ones. True, but Ayer's Sarsaparilla has the medal. The pin that scratches the medal proves it gold. The pin that pricks the bubble proves it wind. We point to medals, not bubbles, when we say: The best sarsaparilla is Ayer's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A COUPLE of jailbirds were drinking together when one of them took out his watch. "Bless me!" exclaimed his astonished companion, "you've got a watch!" "Looks like it." "And how much did it cost you?" "Six months."—Washington Star.

RIDGEWAY, Mo., Aug. 17, 1895.
THE PISO COMPANY,
WARTON, Pa.

Gentlemen:
Six years ago last Spring I took a severe cold, which settled on my lungs. I coughed and spit blood until my husband was alarmed about me. I told him to go to the drug store and get me a bottle of Piso's Cure for Consumption. He did so, and by the time I had taken its contents according to directions I was very much better. He then bought two more bottles, and they cured me.
In fact, we could hardly keep house without Piso's Cure for Consumption. My husband is subject to a cough every Winter, and he says nothing (and he has tried every cough medicine on the market) helps him as does Piso's Cure.
You may publish the above if you so desire.

Very truly yours,
MRS. DELLA LOTT.

"She has been thrice married? And all three husbands dead? She has had a terrible experience." "Yes, but then she has a brother who is an undertaker, and he always gives her a good deal off."—Boston Transcript.

The Skill and Knowledge
Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known, have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

A PREFERRED CREDITOR—One who never presents his bill.—Texas Siftings.

From Now Until Spring
Overcoats and winter wraps will be in fashion. They can be discarded, temporarily, while traveling in the steam heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. For solid comfort, for speed and for safety, no other line can compare with the great railway of the West.

Pain often concentrates all its Misery in RHEUMATISM

Use at once ST. JACOBS OIL if you want to feel its concentrate its healing in a cure.



JAMES PYLE'S
PEARLINE
WASHING
COMPOUND
THE GREAT INVENTION
FOR SAVING TOIL & EXPENSE
WITHOUT INJURY TO THE
TEXTURE OR COLOR OF HANDS.
NEW YORK.

National economy.

There's room for a little more of it. Too many women are wasting time and strength over a wash-board; rubbing their clothes to pieces; wasting their money. You'd be astonished if you could figure up the actual money saving in a year by the use of Pearline. Millions of women are using it now, but just suppose that all women were equally careful and thrifty, and that every one used Pearline! It's too much to hope for—but the whole country would be the richer for it.

Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as" Pearline. IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back.

EIGHT PAPER DOLLS FOR ONE WRAPPER OF ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI

Send us two two-cent stamps for postage. These dolls have changeable heads. No two dolls dressed alike.

ADAMS & SONS CO., Sand Streets, Brooklyn, N. Y., Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

BEST IN THE WORLD.



THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH is cakes for general blacking of a stove. THE SUN PASTE POLISH for a quick after-dinner shine, applied and polished with a cloth.

Morse Bros., Props., Canton, Mass., U.S.A.

FARMERS FROM THE NORTH

are getting rich in this fertile country. Why not be among them? Write A. J. McCOOK, Sec'y, Somerville, Fayette County, Tenn.

ASTHMA DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE

is your ailment, we will send you a "CURED" BOTTLE FREE. THE DR. TAFT BROS. CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

FOOT POWER MACHINERY

Scroll Saws, Tools, Drills, Bore, etc. Send for catalogue. Write to J. M. HUBBARD, ATLANTA, GA.

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